

# Three dimensional Reconstruction and finite element modelling of middle ear in the study of middle ear biomechanics for clinical applications

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**ABSTRACT**--Three Dimensional Reconstruction and finite element modelling of middle ear in the study of middle ear biomechanics for clinical applications Computerised models are more commonly being used for understanding the acoustics of middle ear, pre-op planning and simulation of clinical situations, especially when dealing with tiny complex anatomical regions like the middle ear. One technique used to analyse the mechanics of complex models is the method of finite element model formation, whereby the system of interest is divided into various number of small simple elements. (1-2) To study middle ear mechanics in normal state To study middle ear mechanics in diseased state To study the effect of various surgical interventions namely- mastoidectomy, grafting, tympanic membrane grafting, ossicular reconstruction as well as lowering of posterior canal wall- on middle ear biomechanics. (4) Building of a simple model The FE modelling approach will be divided into three parts: Computerised modelling of the geometry of middle ear (19) Construction of a working finite element model Calibration of the working model in real time with human ears to obtain the final finite element model. (3) Computerised geometric modelling by HRCT of temporal bone HRCT scan will be performed in this study, in a normal adult with no hearing loss and no other comorbidities. Ear examination and pure tone audiometry (PTA) will be performed prior to High Resolution CT scans. (18) Images of the temporal bone procured will be used for evaluation and reconstruction. This geometric model will be used to identify the characteristics of the middle ear. To conform the validity of the study, it will be compared with the published data. (3) We plan to devise a 3D model of the middle ear, which is made of smaller mesh particles, which vibrate with different frequencies, which is simple and mimicks the various pathological processes and reconstructive methods for clinical applications. (17) We also plan to study the effect of material properties of various graft materials used in various types of tympanomastoidectomy (8) non dynamic behaviours of the middle ear using the FE model. This would include TM thickness, thickness of graft in Short columella in Type – III tympanoplasty, Long Columella Type III tympanoplasty with cartilage, in canal wall down and canal wall up mastoidectomy, effect of middle ear volume, etc. (7) FE model will help in investigating the characteristics of the middle ear system and improving our understanding of its mechanical function. Furthermore, FE modelling of the middle ear would be used to simulate and evaluate the pathological changes in the conditions of middle ear disorders, like Tympanic membrane perforations, of different sizes and sites, tympanosclerosis, Middle ear fluid (8), ossicular discontinuity, Ossicular fixation. (16) It would be

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*possible to predict how the function of middle ear is affected by different kinds of middle ear pathologies and to understand the differences in middle ear structures which can impact hearing function prior to surgery.*

**Keywords--***middle ear model. Hrct temporal bone. Hearing gain and hearing loss. Pure tone audiogram*

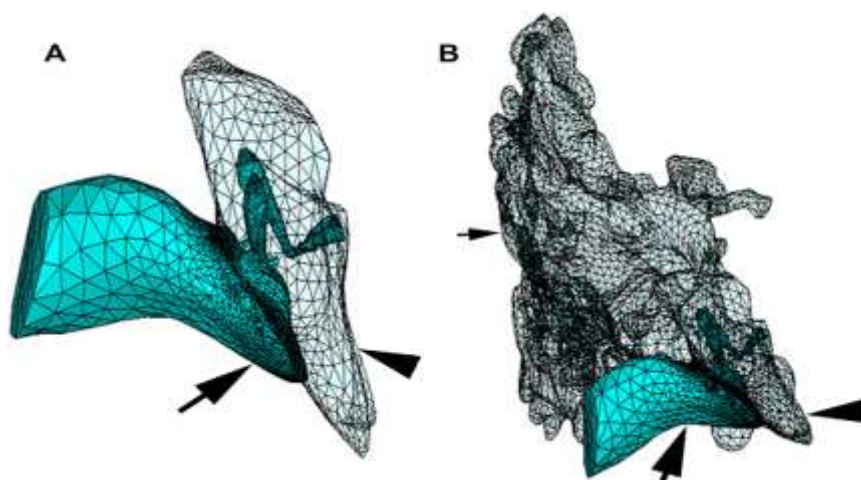
## I. INTRODUCTION

Understanding the physiology of hearing is important to understanding the various changes due to pathological processes. Hence appropriate reconstructive methods can be undertaken to depict the same. The middle ear is like a transformer to cause increment in the sound pressure at the stapes footplate in contrast to that at the tympanic membrane, at the cost of a reduction in stapes volume velocity as opposed to the tympanic membrane velocity. (1) At frequencies above 1000 Hz, the patterns of vibration become more complicated, with tympanic membrane breaking up into smaller vibrating portions.

Computerised models are increasingly being used for understanding the acoustics of middle ear.(15) One of the techniques used to analyse the mechanics of complex models is the Finite-element method whereby the system of interest is divided into a large number of small simple elements. (2)

Other models, that have been created to simulate middle ear are the lumped parametric models and multibody models.

These days, the fields of engineering, biomedical and biomechanical analysis are increasingly using FE analysis to simulate human body systems to extrapolate the results in diseased state. Funnell and Laszlo were the first ones to devise an FE model of cat ear drum. Since then, middle ear biomechanics alongwith 3D model has turned into a rapid growing area of research. (5). The functions defined over each element represents the mechanical properties and the applied forces, and thus mechanical response of the whole system can then be computed. Few investigators have already devised such a model of the human eardrum and middle ear (9). The advantage of this model is such, that it records phase-shift measurements and thus it precisely defines the shape of the eardrum. This model will allow an improved comprehension of the mechanics of the human middle ear and simulates various pathological conditions, as well as it assists in the design of ossicular prosthesis. (5)



**Figure 1: 1A AND 1B- (2)**

## II. OBJECTIVES

- 1.To study middle ear mechanics in normal state
- 2.To study middle ear mechanics in diseased state
- 3.To study the effect of various surgical interventions namely- canal wall up and canal wall down mastoidectomy, (10) grafting, tympanic membrane grafting, ossicular reconstruction as well as lowering of posterior canal wall- on middle ear biomechanics. (4)

## III. METHODS

Study design: Experimental

Setting: The study will be conducted in the department of otorhinolaryngology , Jawaharlal Nehru Medical College , Datta Meghe Institute of Medical Sciences (14)

Variables: Poisson's ratio – 0.3

Data sources/ measurement: Pure tone audiograms and HRCT temporal bone will be used for analysis and implementation of the model (13)

Quantitative variables- Pure tone audiograms

### *Statistical methods:*

Acoustic structural coupled analysis and Non –linear transient analysis using Finite Element Method (FEM) will be done.

The acoustic analysis in the computerised program involves modelling of the fluid media and its surrounding structures . It takes the fluid structure interaction into consideration. The wave equation will help us in determining the acoustic pressure in fluid media.

Expected Outcomes/Results:

1. It will help in deciding the best reconstructive options in middle ear surgery in the form of graft material, graft thickness in cases of tympanic membrane perforation and ossicular reconstruction
2. It will help define the role of ideal middle ear volume in middle ear reconstruction for best acoustic gain

### *Participants-*

FE meshes of the ear will be developed using this model. The TM will be meshed using eight-node hexahedral solid elements, because one of prerequisites of the analysed coupling is that the tympanic membrane should be a 3D solid structure. Finally, a mathematical model would be used to compute the vibration amplitudes. Accordingly, meshing of tympanic annulus will be done using four layers with various hexahedral solid elements. (6)

Outcome data: To assess hearing gain and hearing loss through the model which can be quantified by pure tone audiograms (11)

## IV. EXPECTED RESULTS

### *Main results:*

With this model, it would be possible to predict the functioning of middle ear and its pathologies and the affect of middle ear structures in the outcome of surgery. The process of validation is a very important step in verifying the significance of the FE model, for proper identification that the model is simulating pathological and physiological conditions of the middle ear appropriately. Alongwith that, the process of , validation of finite element model will be used to identify the material properties and unknown parameters used in surgeries. Investigation of the properties of the middle ear will also be facilitated using the same.

### Generalisability:

The model could be extrapolated to various population groups including young and elderly and can be verified by further evaluations.

## V. DISCUSSION

Various articles were reviewed to find the details of relevant associated factors in this study (22-77). Acoustic transformer is one, which elevates either the pressure or volume velocity while reducing the other, thereby equalizing the sound power at the input and output. Middle ear is like a transformer in the sense that it increases the sound pressure at the stapes footplate relative to that at the tympanic membrane at the cost of a reduction in stapes volume velocity(3). Measurement of the actual middle ear sound pressure gain of human middle ear performed in normal physiological temporal bones show that pressure gain is frequency dependent ,(12) with a maximum gain of only 20 dB at 1000 Hz , with lower gains at other frequencies.(1) Cholesteatoma and osteoma – one of the rare combinations of tumor in ear can also be studied using this model (10). The geometric model will be used to measure the dimensions of middle ear and make predictions regarding the diseases.

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