

# Effect of Mechanical Analysis of Magnesium AZ 80 Alloy and Aluminium 7075 Alloy Using Diffusion Bonding

R.J. Golden Renjith Nimal, M. Sivakumar and G. Esakkimuthu

**Abstract---** The principal problem when joining magnesium alloy (Mg) and aluminium alloy (Al) lies within the existence of formation of oxide films and brittle intermetallic within the bond region. But diffusion welding is accustomed be part of these alloys while not a lot of problem. In this investigation, an attempt was made to analyse the mechanical properties such as lap shear strength, Ram tensile strength and microhardness for diffusion bonding of AZ80 magnesium (Mg) and AA7075 aluminium (Al) dissimilar materials. The bonding quality of the joints was checked by microstructure analysis. This work is conducted to obtain better understanding and characterization of the diffusion bonding of similar and dissimilar metals. It also aimed to obtain optimum parameters for diffusion bonding of aluminium coating over magnesium alloy with Aluminium alloy. This work is conducted to obtain better understanding and characterization of the diffusion bonding of similar and dissimilar metals. It also aimed to obtain optimum parameters for diffusion bonding of aluminum coating over magnesium alloy with aluminum alloy. These two metals are jointed inside the die after finishing surface treatment.

**Keywords---** Mechanical Analysis, Magnesium AZ, Diffusion Bonding.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Diffusion bonding is a solid state joining process where in the principal mechanism is inter diffusion of atoms across the interface. Diffusion bonding of most metals is conducted in vacuum or in an inert atmosphere (normally dry nitrogen, argon or helium) in order to reduce detrimental oxidation of the faying surfaces. Another way to define the diffusion bonding is a solid state welding process by which two polished surfaces are joined at elevated temperature and under applied pressure.

Table 1: Mechanical properties of the base metal

Mechanical Properties	Mg alloy	Al alloy
Density (Kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.78x10 <sup>3</sup>	2.9x10 <sup>3</sup>
Ultimate Tensile strength (MPa)	351	580
Elongation (%)	17	11
Shear strength (MPa)	199	342

R.J. Golden Renjith Nimal, Assistant Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, BIST, BIHER, Bharath Institute of Higher Education & Research, Selaiyur, Chennai.

M. Sivakumar, Assistant Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Sree Sowdambika College of Engineering, Aruppukottai, Tamil Nadu, India.

G. Esakkimuthu, Assistant Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, National Engineering College, Kovilpatti, Tamil Nadu, India.

Aluminium is the most copious metal available in the earth's crust. It is also a consumer metal of great importance. This becomes a strong competitor for steel in various Engineering applications. The 7075 aluminium alloys are widely used due to their excellent combination of mechanical properties and corrosion resistance.

The mechanical properties and the chemical composition of both aluminium and magnesium alloys are given in the tables 1 and 2.

Table 2: Chemical Composition of the base metal

Chemical Compositions	AZ80 Mg alloy	AA7075 Al alloy
Al	8.36	90.02
Zn	0.75	5.1
Mn	0.26	0.30
Fe	0.0037	0.50
Ti	-	0.20
Si	0.033	0.40
Cu	0.002	1.2
Ni	0.00056	-
Cr	-	0.18
Mg	90.591	2.1

## II. EXPERIMENTAL ANALYSIS

Rectangular formed specimens (45 millimeter x 45 millimeter) were machined from rolled plates of ten mm thickness metallic element (AZ80) and metal (AA7075) alloys. The polished and with chemicals treated specimens were stacked in a very die created of 316L stainless-steel and also the entire diffusion bonding setup, shown in Fig. 2, was inserted into a chamber (vacuum pressure of a hundred and forty pressure unit is maintained). The specimens area unit het up to the bonding temperature victimisation induction chamber with a heating rate of 250C/min; parallel the specified pressure was applied. Once the completion of bonding, the samples area unit cooled to temperature before removal from the chamber. Twenty seven trials of dissimilar joints area unit fictitious victimisation completely different combos of bonding temperature, bonding pressure and holding time.

### *Effect of Pressure*

Table 3: Bonded samples

Sl. No	Temperature	Pressure	Time	Remarks
1.	400	2	15	Not Bonded
2.	400	5	15	Bonded
3.	400	10	15	Bonded
4.	400	15	15	Bonded
5.	400	20	15	Bonded
6.	400	25	15	Deformed



**(a) Not Bonded Specimen**



**(b) Bonded Specimen**



**(c) Deformed Specimen**

### III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The middle layer of AZ80 Mg alloy/AA7075 Al alloy diffusion warranted joint made the plain diffusion between the Az80 Mg alloy substrate and therefore the AA7075 Al alloy substrate within the condition of the diffusion bonding. After the bonding method, the macro deformation isn't ascertained at the warranted samples. All warranted samples were made with sound bonding with none small pores, micro-crack and compound. The new bright section is made at the interface in keeping with Mg-Al section diagram, the new section of Mg-Al intermetallics is made once the holding pressure is 2 MPa to 25 MPa. There is an apparent boundary between the AA7075 Al alloy substrate and therefore the diffusion zone. But the boundary isn't obvious between the Az80 Mg alloy substrate and therefore the diffusion zone. The specimens are prepared for Lap shear and Ram Tensile test.



Lap shear test specimen

Before Testing

After Testing



### Ram Tensile test specimen

Table 4: Lap shear and Ram Tensile Test Results

Sample No	Bonding Temperature °C	Bonding Pressure MPa	Bonding Time min	Lap Shear MPa	Ram Tensile MPa
1.	400	5	15	13	19
2.	400	10	15	23	29
3.	400	15	15	21	31
4.	400	20	15	20	27

Table 5: Results of Micro hardness Test

Sample No	Bonding Temperature °C	Bonding Pressure MPa	Bonding Time min	X-axis Hv	Y-axis	
					Al Side Hv	Mg Side Hv
5.	400	5	15	96.833	85.6	97.7
6.	400	10	15	70.833	75.4	83.3
7.	400	15	15	102.066	66.7	102
8.	400	20	15	71.366	84.3	106

## IV. CONCLUSION

The optimization of bonding parameters for diffusion bonding magnesium AZ80 alloy and aluminum AA7075 alloy are to be diffused in a diffusion bonding machine and the die is kept inside the diffusion bonding machine by varying the time, temperature, pressure by means of load. Before making diffusion bonding equipment, experiments are conducted with high expensive and simple fixture which is kept inside an induction furnace in clamping position to get diffusion bonded joints. Hot press diffusion bonding equipment is fabricated and verified with experiments so that it is capable of rendering accurate diffusion bonding joints with facilities to measure parameters and to investigate the super plastic diffusion bonding joints. This method is devised to study the physical phenomena that have significant influence on diffusion bonding such as time, temperature, pressure on joints and metallurgical characteristics. Ram Tensile and Lap shear tests are to be conducted and micro hardness test are also conducted. For the diffusion bonding of Az80 Magnesium alloy and AA7075 Aluminum alloy, the maximum shear strength was obtained for the specimen bonded at 400°C, 15 MPa and 15 minutes. The tensile shear strength of the bonded specimens was found to be increased with increasing temperature until a maximum value is reached beyond which it decreased.

## REFERENCES

- [1] Thooyamani, K.P., Khanaa, V., & Udayakumar, R. (2014). Virtual instrumentation based process of agriculture by automation. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(12): 2604-2612.
- [2] Udayakumar, R., Kaliyamurthie, K.P., & Khanaa, T.K. (2014). Data mining a boon: Predictive system for university topper women in academia. *World Applied Sciences Journal*, 29(14): 86-90.
- [3] Anbuselvi, S., Rebecca, L.J., Kumar, M.S., & Senthilvelan, T. (2012). GC-MS study of phytochemicals in black gram using two different organic manures. *J Chem Pharm Res.*, 4, 1246-1250.
- [4] Subramanian, A.P., Jaganathan, S.K., Manikandan, A., Pandiaraj, K.N., Gomathi, N., & Supriyanto, E. (2016). Recent trends in nano-based drug delivery systems for efficient delivery of phytochemicals in chemotherapy. *RSC Advances*, 6(54), 48294-48314.

- [5] Thooyamani, K.P., Khanaa, V., & Udayakumar, R. (2014). Partial encryption and partial inference control based disclosure in effective cost cloud. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(12), 2456-2459.
- [6] Lingeswaran, K., Prasad Karamcheti, S.S., Gopikrishnan, M., & Ramu, G. (2014). Preparation and characterization of chemical bath deposited cds thin film for solar cell. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(7), 812-814.
- [7] Maruthamani, D., Vadivel, S., Kumaravel, M., Saravanakumar, B., Paul, B., Dhar, S.S., Manikandan, A., & Ramadoss, G. (2017). Fine cutting edge shaped Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>rods/reduced graphene oxide (RGO) composite for supercapacitor and visible-light photocatalytic applications. *Journal of colloid and interface science*, 498, 449-459.
- [8] Gopalakrishnan, K., Sundeep Aanand, J., & Udayakumar, R. (2014). Electrical properties of doped azopolyester. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(11), 1402-1412.
- [9] Subhashree, A.R., Parameaswari, P.J., Shanthi, B., Revathy, C., & Parijatham, B.O. (2012). The reference intervals for the haematological parameters in healthy adult population of chennai, southern India. *Journal of Clinical and Diagnostic Research: JCDR*, 6(10), 1675-1680.
- [10] Niranjana, U., Subramanyam, R.B.V., & Khanaa, V. (2010, September). Developing a web recommendation system based on closed sequential patterns. In *International Conference on Advances in Information and Communication Technologies*, 101, 171-179. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
- [11] Slimani, Y., Baykal, A., & Manikandan, A. (2018). Effect of Cr<sup>3+</sup> substitution on AC susceptibility of Ba hexaferrite nanoparticles. *Journal of Magnetism and Magnetic Materials*, 458, 204-212.
- [12] Premkumar, S., Ramu, G., Gunasekaran, S., & Baskar, D. (2014). Solar industrial process heating associated with thermal energy storage for feed water heating. *Middle East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(11), 1686-1688.
- [13] Kumar, S.S., Karrunakaran, C.M., Rao, M.R.K., & Balasubramanian, M.P. (2011). Inhibitory effects of *Indigofera aspalathoides* on 20-methylcholanthrene-induced chemical carcinogenesis in rats. *Journal of carcinogenesis*, 10.
- [14] Beula Devamalar, P.M., Thulasi Bai, V., & Srivatsa, S.K. (2009). Design and architecture of real time web-centric tele health diabetes diagnosis expert system. *International Journal of Medical Engineering and Informatics*, 1(3), 307-317.
- [15] Ravichandran, A.T., Srinivas, J., Karthick, R., Manikandan, A., & Baykal, A. (2018). Facile combustion synthesis, structural, morphological, optical and antibacterial studies of Bi<sub>1-x</sub>Al<sub>x</sub>FeO<sub>3</sub> (0.0 ≤ x ≤ 0.15) nanoparticles. *Ceramics International*, 44(11), 13247-13252.
- [16] Thovhogi, N., Park, E., Manikandan, E., Maaza, M., & Gurib-Fakim, A. (2016). Physical properties of CdO nanoparticles synthesized by green chemistry via Hibiscus Sabdariffa flower extract. *Journal of Alloys and Compounds*, 655, 314-320.
- [17] Thooyamani, K.P., Khanaa, V., & Udayakumar, R. (2014). Wide area wireless networks-IETF. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(12), 2042-2046.
- [18] Sundar Raj, M., Saravanan, T., & Srinivasan, V. (2014). Design of silicon-carbide based cascaded multilevel inverter. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(12), 1785- 1791.
- [19] Achudhan, M., Jayakumar M.P. (2014). Mathematical modeling and control of an electrically-heated catalyst. *International Journal of Applied Engineering Research*, 9(23), 23013.
- [20] Thooyamani, K.P., Khanaa, V., & Udayakumar, R. (2013). Application of pattern recognition for farsi license plate recognition. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 18(12), 1768-1774.
- [21] Jebaraj, S., Iniyan S. (2006). Renewable energy programmes in India. *International Journal of Global Energy Issues*, 26(43528), 232-257.
- [22] Sharmila, S., & Jeyanthi Rebecca, L. (2013). Md Saduzzaman., Biodegradation of domestic effluent using different solvent extracts of *Murraya koenigii*. *J Chem and Pharm Res*, 5(2), 279-282.
- [23] Asiri, S., Sertkol, M., Guner, S., Gungunes, H., Batoo, K.M., Saleh, T.A., Manikandan A., & Baykal, A. (2018). Hydrothermal synthesis of CoyZnyMn1-2yFe2O4 nanoferrites: magneto-optical investigation. *Ceramics International*, 44(5), 5751-5759.
- [24] Rani, A.J., & Mythili, S.V. (2014). Study on total antioxidant status in relation to oxidative stress in type 2 diabetes mellitus. *Journal of clinical and diagnostic research: JCDR*, 8(3), 108-110.

- [25] Karthik, B. (2014). Arulselvi, Noise removal using mixtures of projected gaussian scale mixtures. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(12), 2335-2340.
- [26] Karthik, B., Arulselvi, & Selvaraj, A. (2014). Test data compression architecture for low power VLSI testing. *Middle - East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(12), 2331-2334.
- [27] Vijayaragavan, S.P., Karthik, B., & Kiran Kumar, T.V.U. (2014). Privacy conscious screening framework for frequently moving objects. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(8), 1000-1005.
- [28] Kaliyamurthie, K.P., Parameswari, D., & Udayakumar, R. (2013). QOS aware privacy preserving location monitoring in wireless sensor network. *Indian Journal of Science and Technology*, 6(5), 4648-4652.
- [29] Silambarasu, A., Manikandan, A., & Balakrishnan, K. (2017). Room-temperature superparamagnetism and enhanced photocatalytic activity of magnetically reusable spinel ZnFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> nanocatalysts. *Journal of Superconductivity and Novel Magnetism*, 30(9), 2631-2640.
- [30] Jasmin, M., Vigneshwaran, T., & Beulah Hemalatha, S. (2015). Design of power aware on chip embedded memory based FSM encoding in FPGA. *International Journal of Applied Engineering Research*, 10(2), 4487-4496.
- [31] Philomina, S., & Karthik, B. (2014). Wi-Fi energy meter implementation using embedded linux in ARM 9. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20, 2434-2438.
- [32] Vijayaragavan, S.P., Karthik, B., & Kiran Kumar, T.V.U. (2014). A DFIG based wind generation system with unbalanced stator and grid condition. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(8), 913-917.
- [33] Rajakumari, S.B., & Nalini, C. (2014). An efficient data mining dataset preparation using aggregation in relational database. *Indian Journal of Science and Technology*, 7, 44-46.
- [34] Karthik, B., Kiran Kumar, T.V.U., Vijayaragavan, P., & Bharath Kumaran, E. (2013). Design of a digital PLL using 0.35  $\mu$ m CMOS technology. *Middle-East Journal of Scientific Research*, 18(12), 1803-1806.
- [35] Sudhakara, P., Jagadeesh, D., Wang, Y., Prasad, C.V., Devi, A.K., Balakrishnan, G., Kim B.S., & Song, J.I. (2013). Fabrication of Borassus fruit lignocellulose fiber/PP composites and comparison with jute, sisal and coir fibers. *Carbohydrate polymers*, 98(1), 1002-1010.
- [36] Kanniga, E., & Sundararajan, M. (2011). Modelling and characterization of DCO using pass transistors. In *Future Intelligent Information Systems*, 86(1), 451-457. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.
- [37] Sachithanandam, P., Meikandaan, T.P., & Srividya, T. Steel framed multi storey residential building analysis and design. *International Journal of Applied Engineering Research*, 9(22), 5527-5529.
- [38] Kaliyamurthie, K.P., Udayakumar, R., Parameswari, D., & Mugunthan, S.N. (2013). Highly secured online voting system over network. *Indian Journal of Science and Technology*, 6(S6), 4831-4836.
- [39] Sathyaseelan, B., Manikandan, E., Lakshmanan, V., Baskaran, I., Sivakumar, K., Lachhumanandasivam, R., Kennedy, J., & Maaza, M. (2016). Structural, optical and morphological properties of post-growth calcined TiO<sub>2</sub> nanopowder for opto-electronic device application: Ex-situ studies. *Journal of Alloys and Compounds*, 671, 486-492.
- [40] Saravanan, T., Sundar Raj M., & Gopalakrishnan K. (2014). SMES technology, SMES and facts system, applications, advantages and technical limitations. *Middle - East Journal of Scientific Research*, 20(11), 1353-1358.
- [41] Dr.KusumaKumari, E. (2019). Prototype of slotted microstrip patch antenna for multiband application. *Journal of Computational Information Systems*, 15(3), 167-171.
- [42] Kalyan, G.P. (2019). E-Health Care Monitoring System in Internet of Things (Iot) By Using Radio-Frequency Identification (RFID). *Journal of Computational Information Systems*, 15(3), 172-181.
- [43] Brindha Devi, V., & Ponselkar, P. (2015). Map Reduce Typicality (MRT) based Collaborative Filtering Recommendation System for Movie Review Application. *International Journal of Advances in Engineering and Emerging Technology*, 7(10), 651-663.
- [44] Sachi, S., & Dr. Uma, S. (2016). A Survey in Hierarchical and Dynamic Elliptic Curve Cryptosystem based Self-Certified Public Key Scheme for Medical Data Protection. *International Journal of Advances in Engineering and Emerging Technology*, 8(1), 1-5.
- [45] Sachi, S., & Dr. Uma, S. (2016). Medical Data Protection in Wireless Sensor Networks Using Two Fish Algorithm. *International Journal of Advances in Engineering and Emerging Technology*, 8(1), 6-14.

- [46] Geetha, K., & Uma Nandhini, D. (2016). Selfish Attacks and Detection in Cognitive Radio Ad-hoc Networks. *International Journal of Advances in Engineering and Emerging Technology*, 8(2), 26-34.
- [47] Patel, T., Gupta, S., and Dr.Udayakumar, P. (2015). Experimental Study of Huffman Algorithm of Data Compression with LZW Technique. *Excel International Journal of Technology, Engineering and Management*, 2(2), 30-33.
- [48] Praneesh, M. (2015). An Analysis of Gaussian Kernel Density Estimation for Feature Selection of Gene Expression. *Excel International Journal of Technology, Engineering and Management*, 2(2), 34-40.
- [49] Sakthi Raj, R., and Raghul, S. (2015). RSA Based CPDP with Enhanced Cluster for Distributed Cloud Storage Services. *Excel International Journal of Technology, Engineering and Management*, 2(3), 65-68.
- [50] Keerthana, A.V., and Ashwin, M. (2015). Texture Classification by Graphics Processing Unit and Soft Histogram Local Binary Pattern. *Excel International Journal of Technology, Engineering and Management*, 2(3), 69-72.